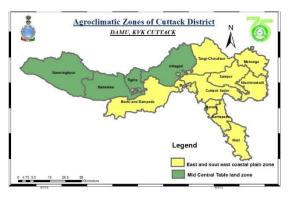


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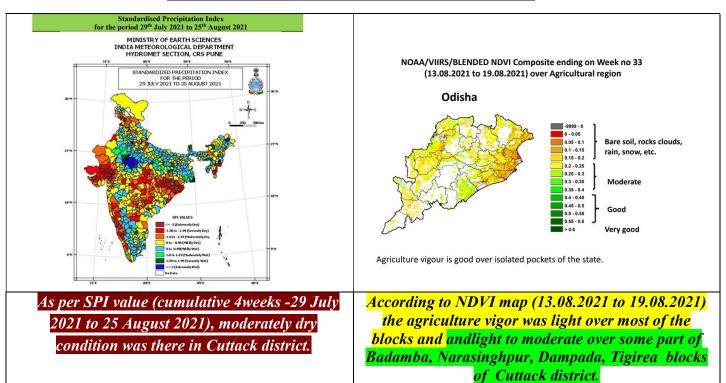
Bulletin No.-223 Date- 27/08/2021

Email: kvkcuttack@gmail.com/damukvkcuttack@gmail.com

### **AGROCLIMATIC ZONES OF CUTTACK DISTRICT:**

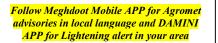


### STANDARD PRECIPITATION INDEX AND NOVI MAP



LEGEND (Medium range block level rainfall forecast)					
	No Rainfall	00 mm			
	Very light rainfall	01-05 mm			
	Light rainfall	06-10 mm			
	Light to moderate rainfall	11-30 mm			
	Moderate to heavy rainfall	31-65 mm			
	Heavy to very heavy rainfall	66-115 mm			
	Extremely heavy rainfall	>116 mm			







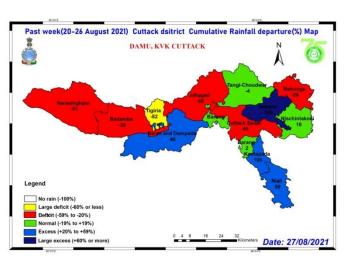
KRISHI VIGYAN KENDRA CUTTACK

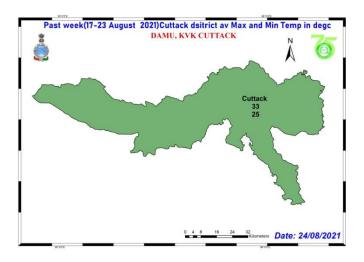
(A Unit of ICAR-National Rice Research Institute) Email: kvkcuttack@gmail.com/damukvkcuttack@gmail.com



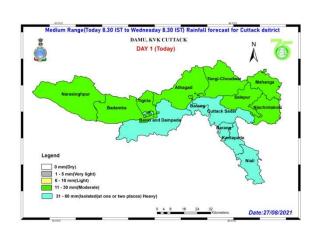
Bulletin No.-223 Date- 27/08/2021

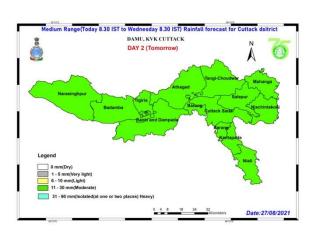
### Past week (20-26 August 2021) Cuttack district Cumulative Rainfall departure (%) and average Temperature map

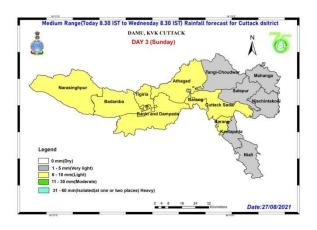


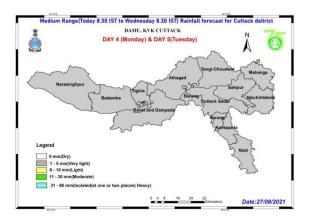


### Medium range (Today (8.30IST) to Wednesday (8.30IST)) Rainfall (mm) forecast for Cuttack district















Date- 27/08/2021

Email: kvkcuttack@gmail.com/damukvkcuttack@gmail.com

### Weather (Past and Forecasted) based Disease and pest in Major Crops and vegetables

Sl No	Crop	Stage and condition of the crop	Anticipated Disease and pest
1	Rice	Tillering	Sheath blight
			Bacterial leaf blight
			Leaf folder
			Thrips
			Sawrming catterpillar
2	Sugarcane	4-5 month old	Red rot
			Early shoot borer
3	Maize	6-7 week stage	Aphid and thrips
			Stem borer
4	Brinjal, tomoto, chilli	seedling	Seedling rot







**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

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			St
			Stem rot
5	Tomato and brinjal	Fruting	Bacterial wilt
6	Chilli	seedling	Damping off
7	okra	Fruting	Fruit and shoot borer
			White fly
			Jassid
8	Pointed gourd		Fruit rot
10	Pumpkin(Cucurbits)	Flowering to fruting	Stem and root rot



# CRISHI VIGYAN KENDRA CUTTACK

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Date- 27/08/2021

Met Sub division	Extended range outlook for subsequent 1 week (6th to 12th days)					
	(01st-07th September 2021)					
	Parameter Parame	Departure (%)	Category			
	Rainfall	-4.97	Normal			
Odisha	Parameter Parame	Anomaly	Category			
	Maximum temperature	0.28	Normal			
	Minimum temperature	-0.17	Normal			

General Agromet Advisory-: There will be normal rainfall in subsequent week after 5 days (01st - 07th September 2021) in Odisha condition, and there will be light to moderate rainfall is forecasted for upcoming 5 days farmers are advised to go for transplanting or beushaning activity in the subsequent week and should conserve water(2-3cm) in the field for future purpose.

# South-west Monsoon rainfall forecast for 2<sup>nd</sup> half (August and September)of the season and for the month of August ,2021

- Rainfall over the country as a whole during the second half (August to September period) of the 2021 southwest monsoon season is most likely to be normal (95 to 105 % of Long Period Average (LPA)) with a tendency to be in the positive side of the normal.
- Monthly rainfall for the 2021 August over the country as a whole is most likely to be normal (94 to 106 % of Long Period Average (LPA)).
- The spatial distribution of probabilistic forecasts for the tercile categories (above normal, normal and below normal) for the August to September rainfall is shown in Fig.1. The spatial distribution suggests that below normal to normal rainfall is likely over many parts of east parts (Odisha) of the country.
- The spatial distribution of probabilistic forecasts for the tercile categories (above normal, normal and below normal) for the August rainfall is shown in Fig.2. The spatial distribution suggests that also **below normal to normal rainfall** is likely over many parts of east parts (Odisha) of the country.
- Hence Farmers should prepare the crop plan depending upon the land type, irrigation facility for transplanting of kharif rice.

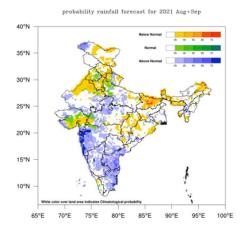


Fig.1. Probability forecast of tercile categories (below normal, normal and above normal) of rainfall for the second half (August to September) of the 2021 southwest monsoon season over India. The figure illustrates the most likely categories as well as their probabilities. The white shaded areas within the land area represent climatological probabilities. The probabilities were derived using the MME forecast prepared from a group of coupled climate models. (Tercile categories have equal climatological probabilities, of 33.33% each).

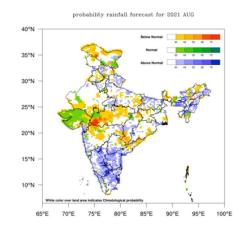


Fig.2. Probability forecast of tercile categories' (below normal, normal and above normal) for the 2021 August rainfall over India. The figure illustrates the most likely categories as well as their probabilities. The white shaded areas within the land area represent climatological probabilities. The probabilities were derived using the MME forecast prepared from a group of coupled climate models. (Tercile categories have equal climatological probabilities, of 33.33% each).



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**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR ATHAGAD

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 5mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weather advisory; Moderate rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 82-92% and 48-72% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcastskyfor next 5days.

Block	Athagad(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)				
Date	28/08/2021	29/08/2021	30/08/2021	31/08/2021	01/09/2021
Rainfall (mm)	15	11	9	5	5
T-Max (°C)	33	33	32	31	29
T-Min (°C)	26	25	25	25	25
Cloud Cover (octa)	8	8	8	8	8
RH Max (%)	82	89	91	92	91
RH Min (%)	48	54	59	61	72
Wind Speed (kmph)	5	7	10	11	14
Wind Direction (deg)	162	124	135	156	158

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was moderate rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

Kharif rice: The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

**Dr Sujata Sethy** 

(Nodal officer)

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good.
- . In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour.Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.
- Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be Aphids and Thrips attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with stem borer, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.
- VEGETABLES: Due to forecast of rain, Chances of fruit rot infestation in chilli and brinjal, if observe spray Carbendazim 50% WP @ 2 g/litre of water or Copper oxycloride 50% WP @ 3 g/litre of water. If necessary spray second and third round at 15 days interval.
- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for *Root and stem rot in cucurbits*. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.
- ANIMAL HUSBANDRY: Keep animal shed and shelter house free from water logging by keeping it dry and free from weed. Fresh and immature leaves should not to be fed more amount as they may cause diarrhea. if grasses were cut in morning or evening time, it can be sun dried for about 30 minute before feeding.





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**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR BADAMBA

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 7mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Moderate rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 30-33°Cand night temperature will be 24-25°Cfor upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 81-92% and 51-71% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Badamba(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)					
Date	28/08/2021	01/09/2021				
Rainfall(mm)	15	13	6	4	5	
T-Max(°C)	33	33	32	32	30	
T-Min(°C)	25	25	25	24	24	
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	7	8	8	
RH Max (%)	81	88	91	92	89	
RH Min (%)	51	55	60	60	71	
Wind Speed (Kmph)	4	6	9	11	14	
Wind Direction (deg)	338	148	144	148	159	

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was moderate to heavy rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at 1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.

Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be Aphids and Thrips attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with stem borer, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for Root and stem rot in cucurbits. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.





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**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FORBANKI

District Past week average weather condition

The district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Isolated moderate to heavy rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 30-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 81-91% and 48-71% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Banki(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)							
Date	28/08/2021	28/08/2021 29/08/2021 30/08/2021 31/08/2021 01/09/20						
Rainfall(mm)	31	18	9	4	3			
T-Max(°C)	33	33	32	32	30			
T-Min(°C)	26	25	25	25	25			
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	7	8	8			
RH Max (%)	81	87	90	91	88			
RH Min (%)	48	54	58	58	71			
Wind Speed (Kmph)	5	7	10	11	15			
Wind Direction (deg)	338	135	135	156	159			

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was moderate to heavy rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at 1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour.Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.

Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be Aphids and Thrips attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with stem borer, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
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**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR BANKI-DAMPARA

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 18mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

WeatherAdvisory: Isolated moderate to heavy rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 81-91% and 48-71% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Banki-Dampara(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)							
Date	28/08/2021	28/08/2021 29/08/2021 30/08/2021 31/08/2021 01/09/202						
Rainfall(mm)	31	20	10	4	4			
T-Max(°C)	33	33	32	32	29			
T-Min(°C)	26	25	25	25	25			
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	7	8	8			
RH Max (%)	81	87	90	91	88			
RH Min (%)	48	54	58	59	71			
Wind Speed (Kmph)	5	7	10	11	15			
Wind Direction (deg)	162	135	135	156	159			

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was moderate to heavy rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at 1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.

Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be Aphids and Thrips attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with stem borer, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for Root and stem rot in cucurbits. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- · At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.





# RISHI VIGYAN KENDRA CUTTACK

(A Unit of ICAR-National Rice Research Institute)

Email: kvkcuttack@gmail.com/damukvkcuttack@gmail.com



Bulletin No.-223 Date- 27/08/2021

#### **AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR BARANGA**

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 9mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1st September (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Isolated moderate to heavy rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 81-91% and 47-72% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5 days.

Block	Baranga(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)						
Date	28/08/2021	29/08/2021	30/08/2021	31/08/2021	01/09/2021		
Rainfall(mm)	31	21	8	4	4		
T-Max(°C)	33	32	31	31	29		
T-Min(°C)	26	25	25	25	25		
Cloud Cover	8	8	7	8	8		
RH Max (%)	81	87	88	91	90		
RH Min (%)	47	51	57	58	72		
Wind Speed (Kmph)	7	7	10	11	14		
Wind Direction (deg)	27	144	148	156	162		

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was moderate rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.

Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be **Aphids and Thrips** attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with **stem borer**, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.

#### **VEGETABLES**:

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control *fruit and shoot borer* in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of *white fly and jassid*. To control this apply Thiomethoxam @0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate *fruit rot in pointed gourd*, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for *Root and stem rot in cucurbits*. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for *damping off in chilli nurseries*. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.



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**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR CUTTACK SADAR

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 7mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1st September(8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Isolated moderate to heavy rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 81-91% and 48-72% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Cuttack sadar(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)						
Date	28/08/2021 29/08/2021 30/08/2021 31/08/2021 0						
Rainfall(mm)	31	16	6	4	4		
T-Max(°C)	33	33	32	31	29		
T-Min(°C)	26	26	26	25	25		
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	8	8	8		
RH Max (%)	81	87	89	91	91		
RH Min (%)	48	51	57	58	72		
Wind Speed (Kmph)	7	7	10	11	14		
Wind Direction (deg)	27	144	148	156	159		

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was light to moderate rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at 1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding. Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour.Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.
- Sugarcane: wrapping and propping should be done when crop are 4-5 month old in medium and late duration varieties. For early shoot borer Spray Chloropyriphos or Quinalopphos @ 400 ml/ac in 200 lts of water after cessation of rain. For Red rot, avoid rationing in red rot affected area, spray the crop with Mancozeb 0.3% or carbendazim 0.1% at 15 days interval. Complete hoeing, weeding and apply fertilizer urea 100kg with 34 kg MOP in lines followed by earthing up during non rainy period.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for Root and stem rot in cucurbits. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.





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**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR KANTAPADA

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 28mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Isolated moderate to heavy rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-34°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 82-89% and 49-72% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Kantapada(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)					
Date	28/08/2021	29/08/2021	30/08/2021	31/08/2021	01/09/2021	
Rainfall(mm)	32	16	4	4	3	
T-Max(°C)	34	32	31	32	29	
T-Min(°C)	26	26	26	25	25	
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	7	8	8	
RH Max (%)	82	85	86	89	89	
RH Min (%)	49	52	56	56	72	
Wind Speed (Kmph)	8	7	10	12	14	
Wind Direction (deg)	23	158	153	158	167	

#### **Agromet Advisorv**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was heavy rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at 1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.
- Sugarcane: wrapping and propping should be done when crop are 4-5 month old in medium and late duration varieties. For early shoot borer Spray Chloropyriphos or Quinalopphos @ 400 ml/ac in 200 lts of water after cessation of rain. For Red rot, avoid rationing in red rot affected area, spray the crop with Mancozeb 0.3% or carbendazim 0.1% at 15 days interval. Complete hoeing, weeding and apply fertilizer urea 100kg with 34 kg MOP in lines followed by earthing up during non rainy period.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for *Root and stem rot in cucurbits*. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.





# KRISHI VIGYAN KENDRA CUTTACK

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Bulletin No.-223 Date- 27/08/2021

#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR MAHANGA

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 7mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Moderate rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be and it will be 29-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be83-91% and 49-72% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Mahanga(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)				
Date	28/08/2021	29/08/2021	30/08/2021	31/08/2021	01/09/2021
Rainfall(mm)	14	11	5	4	2
T-Max(°C)	33	32	31	32	29
T-Min(°C)	26	26	25	25	25
Cloud Cover(octal	8	8	8	8	8
RH Max (%)	83	86	88	90	91
RH Min (%)	49	52	57	58	72
Wind Speed (Kmph)	6	8	10	12	15
Wind Direction (deg)	45	153	153	156	167

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was light to moderate rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### Kharif rice:

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/15 litre water.
- <u>Sugarcane:</u> wrapping and propping should be done when crop are 4-5 month old in medium and late duration varieties. For early shoot borer Spray Chloropyriphos or Quinalopphos @ 400 ml/ac in 200 lts of water after cessation of rain. For Red rot, avoid rationing in red rot affected area, spray the crop with Mancozeb 0.3%or carbendazim 0.1%at 15 days interval. Complete hoeing, weeding and apply fertilizer urea 100kg with 34 kg MOP in lines followed by earthing up during non rainy period.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control *fruit and shoot borer* in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of *white fly and jassid*. To control this apply Thiomethoxam @0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate *fruit rot in pointed gourd*, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for *Root and stem rot in cucurbits*. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for *damping off in chilli nurseries*. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.





# RISHI VIGYAN KENDRA CUTTACI

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Bulletin No.-223 Date- 27/08/2021

#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR NARASINGHPUR

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 5mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Moderate rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-33°C and night temperature will be 23-24°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 82-93% and 56-74% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Narasinghpur(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)				
Date	28/08/2021 29/08/2021 30/08/2021 31/08/2021 01/09/202				
Rainfall(mm)	14	14	7	4	3
T-Max(°C)	32	33	31	31	29
T-Min(°C)	24	24	23	24	23
Cloud Cover(/octa)	8	8	8	8	8
RH Max (%)	82	89	93	93	93
RH Min (%)	56	56	64	60	74
Wind Speed (Kmph)	4	4	8	10	11
Wind Direction (deg)	293	155	135	148	159

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was light to moderate rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.

Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be **Aphids and Thrips** attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with **stem borer**, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.

#### **VEGETABLES**:

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control *fruit and shoot borer* in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of *white fly and jassid*. To control this apply Thiomethoxam @0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate *fruit rot in pointed gourd*, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for *Root and stem rot in cucurbits*. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for *damping off in chilli nurseries*. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.





**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

(A Unit of ICAR-National Rice Research Institute) Email: kykcuttack@gmail.com/damukykcuttack@gmail.com

#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR NIALI

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 18mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Isolated moderate to heavy rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-34°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 82-88% and 51-72% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Niali(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)				
Date	28/08/2021 29/08/2021 30/08/2021 31/08/2021 01/09/202				
Rainfall(mm)	31	11	4	4	3
T-Max(°C)	34	32	32	32	29
T-Min(°C)	26	26	25	25	25
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	7	8	8
RH Max (%)	82	84	85	88	88
RH Min (%)	51	54	57	57	72
Wind Speed(Kmph)	7	7	10	13	16
Wind Direction(deg)	23	171	153	158	198

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was moderate to heavy rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.
- Sugarcane: wrapping and propping should be done when crop are 4-5 month old in medium and late duration varieties. For early shoot borer Spray Chloropyriphos or Quinalopphos @ 400 ml/ac in 200 lts of water after cessation of rain. For Red rot, avoid rationing in red rot affected area, spray the crop with Mancozeb 0.3% or carbendazim 0.1% at 15 days interval. Complete hoeing, weeding and apply fertilizer urea 100kg with 34 kg MOP in lines followed by earthing up during non rainy period.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

Due to forecast of rain, Chances of fruit rot infestation in chilli and brinjal, if observe spray Carbendazim 50% WP @ 2 g/litre of water or Copper oxycloride 50% WP @ 3 g/litre of water. If necessary spray second and third round at 15 days interval.

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P. @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for *Root and stem rot in cucurbits*. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.

**Dr Sujata Sethy** (Nodal officer)



Follow Meghdoot Mobile APP for Agromet advisories in local language and DAMINI APP for Lightening alert in your area







Date- 27/08/2021

(A Unit of ICAR-National Rice Research Institute)

Email: kvkcuttack@gmail.com/damukvkcuttack@gmail.com

### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR NISCHINTAKOILI

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 11mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory: Moderate rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 83-90% and 50-72% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Nischintakoili(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)				
Date	28/08/2021 29/08/2021 30/08/2021 31/08/2021				01/09/2021
Rainfall(mm)	12	11	4	4	3
T-Max(°C)	33	32	31	32	29
T-Min(°C)	26	26	26	25	25
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	8	8	8
RH Max (%)	83	86	87	90	90
RH Min (%)	50	52	56	57	72
Wind Speed (Kmph)	7	8	10	13	15
Wind Direction (deg)	60	153	153	156	167

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was moderate to heavy rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.
- Sugarcane: wrapping and propping should be done when crop are 4-5 month old in medium and late duration varieties. For early shoot borer Spray Chloropyriphos or Quinalopphos @ 400 ml/ac in 200 lts of water after cessation of rain. For Red rot, avoid rationing in red rot affected area, spray the crop with Mancozeb 0.3% or carbendazim 0.1% at 15 days interval. Complete hoeing, weeding and apply fertilizer urea 100kg with 34 kg MOP in lines followed by earthing up during non rainy period.

### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinial, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for Root and stem rot in cucurbits. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.



(A Unit of ICAR-National Rice Research Institute)

**Bulletin No.-223** Date- 27/08/2021

Email: kvkcuttack@gmail.com/damukvkcuttack@gmail.com AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR SALEPUR

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 32mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory: Moderate rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in the block. Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 29-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 83-90% and 49-72% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Salepur(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)				
Date	28/08/2021 29/08/2021 30/08/2021 31/08/2021 01				
Rainfall(mm)	15	12	5	4	3
T-Max(°C)	33	32	31	32	29
T-Min(°C)	26	26	26	25	25
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	8	8	8
RH Max (%)	83	86	87	90	90
RH Min (%)	49	52	57	57	72
Wind Speed (Kmph)	7	7	10	12	14
Wind Direction (deg)	45	153	153	156	167

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was heavy to very heavy rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour.Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.

Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be Aphids and Thrips attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with stem borer, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.

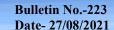
#### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for *Root and stem rot in cucurbits*. To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.









(A Unit of ICAR-National Rice Research Institute) Email: kvkcuttack@gmail.com/damukvkcuttack@gmail.com

### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR TANGI-CHOUDWAR

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 10mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory; Moderate rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in *the block.* Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The day temperature will be 31-34°C and night temperature will be 28-29°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 81-86% and 58-77% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Tangi-Choudwar(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS) 28/08/2021 29/08/2021 30/08/2021 31/08/2021 01/09/2021				
Date					01/09/2021
Rainfall(mm)	13	11	5	4	3
T-Max(°C)	34	34	33	33	31
T-Min(°C)	28	29	28	28	28
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	7	8	8
RH Max (%)	82	81	83	86	86
RH Min (%)	58	59	61	61	77
Wind Speed (Kmph)	7	10	12	16	21
Wind Direction (deg)	23	195	158	158	201

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was moderate to heavy rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at 1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/15 litre water.

Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be Aphids and Thrips attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with stem borer, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for **Root and stem rot in cucurbits.** To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.









(A Unit of ICAR-National Rice Research Institute)

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#### AGROMET ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR TIGIRIA

District Past week average weather condition and Block past week average Rainfall condition

The block received average 2mm and district received average 11mm rainfall during the last week. The mean daily maximum and minimum temperature was 34°C and 25°C, respectively. Mean relative humidity of the district was around 82-77%.

#### Forecasted period: Today(8.30IST) to 1stSeptember (8.30IST)2021

Weatheradvisory: Moderate rainfall is forecasted for today and tomorrow and very light to light rainfall is forecasted for next 3 days in *the block.* Farmers should follow now-cast warnings for thunderstorm and lightning in their blocks. The daytemperature will be 30-33°C and night temperature will be 25-26°C for upcoming 5 days. Maximum and minimum relative humidity will be 82-93% and 49-73% respectively. There will be partly cloudy to overcast skyfor next 5days.

Block	Tigiria(VALID TILL 08:30 IST OF THE NEXT 5 DAYS)				
Date	28/08/2021	29/08/2021	30/08/2021	31/08/2021	01/09/2021
Rainfall(mm)	15	11	6	4	3
T-Max(°C)	33	33	32	32	30
T-Min(°C)	26	25	25	25	25
Cloud Cover(octa)	8	8	8	8	8
RH Max (%)	82	89	92	93	91
RH Min (%)	49	55	60	61	73
Wind Speed (Kmph)	4	7	10	11	14
Wind Direction (deg)	338	122	135	153	159

#### **Agromet Advisory**

• General advisory: Drain out excess water in standing rice crop as there was light to moderate rainfall in last week. By using recent rainfall and soil moisture start field preparation for non-paddy crops like pulse, oilseeds and vegetables in upland condition and take up early sowing/transplanting. Before sowing of any crop, farmers are advised for application of well decomposed FYM or compost, it increases the water use efficiency as well as nutrient quantity in the soil. Farmers are also advised to increase the use of potash, it helps in minimizing the losses due to the moisture stress during dry spell.

#### **Kharif rice:**

The crop is at tillering stage. Maintain about 2-3 cm standing water during tillering stage. At 21 days after transplanting apply 50% N (35 kg Urea/acre). Problem of weeds may aggravate after transplanting, apply Bensulfuron methyl 0.6% + Pretilachlor 6% GR with sand mix at 1:1 ratio @ 4 kg/acre within 3-7 days after transplanting for controlling weeds. Due to soil moisture saturation farmers may prefer chemical weeding.

#### Weather based Disease and pest of rice

- Bacterial blight can be controlled to an extent by dipping the roots of seedlings in Streptomycin solution by mixing 1 g in 10 litre of water for 20 minutes before transplanting. After transplanting if it will happen, spray Plantomycin @ 1 g + Copper oxychloride @ 2 g/litre of water when sky becomes clear.
- Due to stagnation of water in the field and high relative humidity in future Sheathblight Fungal disease is common. Excess Nitrogen fertilizer application can accelerate this disease. If sheath blight will be found in early transplanted rice then apply carbendazim 2g/ltr or propiconazzole 1ml/ltr of water. Bio fungiside like Trichoderma, Pseudomonas Fluorescens is also good. In early transplanted/direct sown crop, chance for leaf folder infestation due to the prevalence of cloudy weather. If observe in field then spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 3 ml/10 litre of water Also there may be increase in incidence of swarming caterpillar after sunnydays followed by heavy rainfall. To control this apply chloropyrifos@2ml/ltr of water to root zone in afternoon hour. Due to past increase in temperature there may be increase in infestation of thrips, to control this Spray Lambda-cyhalothrin 5% EC @ 2 ml/ litre water or Thiamethoxam 25% WG @ 5g/ 15 litre water.

Maize: Do not keep the stagnant water as it is raining. Provide drainage facility. For better return sow the Baby corn. At 21 DAS, apply 16kg N /Ac and earthing up at knee height. Due to hot and humid weather, there may be **Aphids and Thrips** attack, then apply Dimethoate 30EC @ 400ml/Acre. Maize crop has been infested with stem borer, ApplyThiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water or 2ml chlorantraniliprole in 1 ltr water.

#### **VEGETABLES:**

**Dr Sujata Sethy** 

(Nodal officer)

- Brinjal, tomato and chilliseedlings should be planted in the main field. To prevent of soil borne diseases like seedling rot, stem rot and wilt diseases apply 3g of Copper oxychloride per litre of water around the main stem.
- To control fruit and shoot borer in okra, Spray Bacillus thuringiensis 5% W.P @1.5 gram/lit of water. Present weather condition favours incidence of white fly and jassid. To control this apply Thiomethoxam@0.4g/ litre of water.
- Present weather may aggravate fruit rot in pointed gourd, to control it remove damaged fruit from the field and drain out excess water. Spray alternately Copper Oxychloride 50% WP (4 g/litre of water) and Metalaxyl 8% + Mancozeb 64% (3 g/litre of water).
- Prevailing rainy weather is favorable for **Root and stem rot in cucurbits.** To control farmers may apply Thiophanate Methyl 70% WP @ 2 gm/l or Azoxistrobin 18.2 SC+ Difeconazole 11.11% SC 1.5 gm/l to be applied base as well as root zone.
- At present chilli crop at nursery to transplanting stage. Prevailing weather conditions are favourable for damping off in chilli nurseries. To control it by drenching of copper oxy chloride @ 3 g per litre of water (or) 1 % Bordeaux mixture, two times at an interval of 7 days. Farmers are advised to dip the seedlings in 5 ml imidachloprid and 10 g carbendazim solution per 10 litres of water for 5 minutes while transplanting.









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Kindly install and use "Meghdoot mobile App" for Cuttack district weather forecast, warnings and weather based agromet advisory services.

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Kindly install and use "Damini mobile App" for location specific for lightening forecast and warnings.

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.lightening.live.damini

- Follow the block specific whats app groups and join in your block wise groups for getting weather based agromet advisory services twice in a week (Tuesday and Friday) and other weather warning based farm management advisories.
- Follow the Official Website links to get the weather based agromet advisory service bulletins (English & Odia) twice in a week (Tuesday and Friday).

1	ICAR-NRRI, Cuttack, Odisha	https://icar-nrri.in/agromate/	WRRI 1965
2	Agrimet division, IMD, Pune	https://imdagrimet.gov.in/imdproject/AGIndex.php	